

CURRICULUM NOTES - 2016 / 2017 YEARS 7 & 8 (KEY STAGE 3)

Introduction

The top two years at Hall Grove are special in a number of ways and see the children prepare for Common Entrance and, in some cases, Scholarship exams for entry into their Senior Schools. They are given ample opportunity to develop leadership skills and we emphasise the importance of contributing to the school community through a variety of means. At different stages they will be asked to act as Open Day guides, to assist in the junior part of the school or to help the staff set up the hall and other similar duties. We aim to respect them as senior pupils, and in turn we look to them all to set a good example for the younger children to follow. We hope they will help us create a happy and productive working atmosphere throughout the school.

Below is a brief explanation of the reporting structure which we employ in Years 7 & 8. On top of this comprehensive stream of information, if you have any individual issues which you would like to raise, then with due notice it is possible to make an appointment with the relevant member of staff:

- a) the Form Teacher/Matrons for pastoral issues,
- b) the Subject Teacher/Study Tutor for academic issues, or
- c) the Head of Upper School for any further issues.

Autumn Term – there will be one Parents' Briefing and a Parents' Interview evening. You will receive two sets of Assessments, one set of exam results and an End of Term Report Letter from your child's form teacher.

Spring Term – you will receive two sets of Assessments, one set of exam results and there will be Parents' Interviews.

Summer Term – you will receive two sets of Assessments (only one for Year 8 pupils), one set of exam results and a full End of Term Report on all subjects.

Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND)

Mrs Paula Leech co-ordinates special needs teaching and is the key point of contact for parents who wish to enquire about learning support for dyslexia or other related issues. Some children are on special programmes known as Individual Educational Plans which Mrs Leech writes and oversees and other children are involved in Catch Up which allows them to build confidence in their reading. She attends school on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays and may be contacted on p.leech@hallgrove.co.uk

Luke McLeod

English

Aims

Over the two years the children will undertake a course of study that will lead to them either taking Common Entrance in the final term of Year 8 or some form of award or scholarship in the second or third term of Year 8. The content of the curriculum is the same for both sets in each year and differentiation exists in both the methods of explanation of the subject matter and the children's responses to what they are being taught as the children approach the Common Entrance examinations. Remove cover a significantly different curriculum, aiming to prepare them for a range of demanding, hopefully enjoyable, but frequently very unpredictable papers and texts.

Key Skills

Reading:

- to understand and appreciate texts by reading for meaning, looking beyond the literal and exploring ambiguity, allusion, emotions, ideas and values. To increase breadth of vocabulary particularly through the use of synonyms and through using context to discover the meaning of words. To use inference and deduction, to distinguish between fact and opinion
- to understand that the forms authors choose relate directly to the ways in which authors wish to present the content of their writing, and to recognise and recall these different forms for use in their own writing
- to gain knowledge of the literary heritage of works written in English through a study of significant writers and texts
- to follow a course of set books and to extend their own reading outside the classroom

Writing:

- to be confident when writing fiction and poetry that they are able to use imaginative vocabulary, effective grammar and a wide range of literary techniques and devices to convey description, emotions, ideas, themes and characters
- to be confident when writing non-fiction that they have the ability to use grammar and organisational techniques to inform, explain, argue and persuade
- to be able to combine fact and opinion effectively and consequently produce essays that answer specific questions or discuss particular concepts

Speaking and Listening:

All pupils will be encouraged to engage in lively debates, refining their speaking and listening skills and learning to accommodate and respond to others' views. We encourage, develop and expect high quality oral work, and that all children contribute in every lesson, being challenged and extended appropriately.

Sources

The work each term embraces a core study of: a set book, a set of comprehension exercises, a variety of poems, a grammar revision programme and writing assignments embracing both fiction and non-fiction genres. The set books and the texts for comprehension are the most obvious sources for speaking and listening activities, but it is hoped that the children's own compositions will also provide material for further exploration in this field. Any text that is studied by the class is likely to be used as a model for their own writing. It is likely that a number of past papers for the relevant exams will be used but it should be noted that exposure to past scholarship papers and Common Entrance papers is considered purely as an aid to adequate preparation, and is not regarded as an important area of study on its own.

Set books

The Common Entrance Syllabus for Year 8 requires the children to be familiar with a variety of texts, although there is no requirement to write on a studied text. This syllabus requires a range of interesting, stimulating and challenging texts to be studied. Scholarship papers are far more open-ended, with no prescribed theme or set structure at times, and a wide diversity of expectations for the individual papers. The following are set texts, topics and authors:

- Year 7: Boy by Roald Dahl, Holes by Louis Sachar, Private Peaceful by Michael Morpurgo; A Midsummer Night's Dream by William Shakespeare; Victorian and Gothic short stories by various authors and a varied range of poetry and non-fiction texts
- Year 8: Stone Cold by Robert Swindells; The Woman in Black by Susan Hill; a range of short stories from different cultures and a variety of poetry and non-fiction texts

• Remove: a variety of poets including W. H. Auden, William Blake, Seamus Heaney, Ted Hughes and Carol Ann Duffy; *An Inspector Calls* by J. B. Priestley; Remembrance by Theresa Breslin; *Animal Farm* by George Orwell; a Shakespeare play; Literature of the Great War and other texts as the interests and needs of the group may determine

Louise Skinner

Mathematics

Our aims in teaching Mathematics are that all children in Years 7 and 8 will:

- enjoy the subject and study it with confidence and a sense of achievement
- gain an awareness of the subject's fascination, applications and fun
- achieve a high standard in numeracy and a range of other mathematical skills
- feel confident in applying these skills to solve problems, both real-life and theoretical
- discuss and explain mathematical concepts using the appropriate language
- be thoroughly prepared for the continued study of the subject at their senior school

Year 7

The pupils in Year 7 continue the Common Entrance syllabus. Pupils will study and become familiar with most of the skills and knowledge of Key Stage 3. The work is demanding and at times reaches Level 7 of the National Curriculum.

The course of work throughout the year will be as follows:

Autumn Term:

- Number work Decimals, fractions, percentages, negative numbers, approximations and prime factors
- Algebra Simplification
 - Substitution
 - Brackets
 - Equations
 - Factorisation
- Graphs
- Problem Solving

Spring Term:

- The Circle
- Transformations
- Bearings
- Area and Volume

Summer Term:

- Percentages
- 2D and 3D shapes
- Angle Calculations
- Polygons
- Scatter Diagrams and Correlation

By the end of the year the pupils should have covered the majority of topics required to sit Level 2 Common Entrance papers.

Pupils in Remove should also have covered some additional topics required for scholarship and higher level CE papers.

Prep will be set once a week and regular testing will take place to ensure continual recap and review. All pupils are expected to have a scientific calculator available for every lesson

Year 8

The pupils in Year 8 will be working towards either Common Entrance or Scholarship examinations.

The pupils in Set 2 will conclude their study of the topics laid down by the Common Entrance exam syllabus. These include:

- Problem-solving involving fractions
- Number Sequences
- Speed, Distance, Time
- Ratio and Proportion
- Probability

They will be working towards Level 2 CE exams papers. These consist of two 60 minute exams (one non-calculator and one calculator paper). There will also be a short mental arithmetic test, lasting about 30 minutes.

The pupils will review and recap previously taught topics, and spend much time throughout the year working on past papers.

The pupils in Set 1 will study the additional topics required for the extended Common Entrance syllabus. These topics include:

- Pythagoras' Theorem
- Fractional Equations
- Simultaneous Equations
- Transposition of Formulae
- Indices
- Inequalities
- Straight Line Theory
- Similar Triangles
- More difficult Percentages

They will be working towards Level 3 Papers (one non-calculator and one calculator). There will also be a short mental arithmetic test, lasting about 30 minutes.

Pupils in Remove will also study the content and format of individual scholarship papers in order to prepare them for examinations appropriate to their choice of school. These children will be expected to work outside normal school hours.

Prep will be set twice a week throughout Year 8.

Jane Brice

Science

Mr McLeod will be focusing on the Chemistry and Physics teaching, whilst Mr Wheeler will take responsibility for teaching Biology to all the Year 7 and 8 classes.

Chemistry and Physics

Year 7 Autumn Term

- Safety in the laboratory
- Atoms, elements, compounds and mixtures
- The "common tests" how to identify the presence of water, hydrogen, oxygen and carbon dioxide
- Change of state revision with focus on energy transfer
- Physical properties comparing materials, particularly metals and non-metals
- Chemical Reactions
 - Combustion, oxidation, reduction, thermal decomposition and displacement
 - Acids and Alkalis/neutralisation. pH and indicators. Metals and acid reactions
 - Emphasising the reactivity series and patterns in reaction
 - How to represent reactions as equations

Year 7 Spring Term

- Comparing physical and chemical changes
- The science of mixtures
 - Dissolving, solubility and solutions
 - Separation of mixtures, including distillation and chromatography
 - Air as a mixture

Year 7 Summer Term

- Waves
- General wave science; the difference between wave types and wave descriptors
- Sound; creating sound waves, the speed of sound and echoes
- Light; rays, shadows, reflection, refraction, colours and prisms
- Revision and exam practice

Year 8 Autumn Term

- Forces and motion including friction, speed, springs, moments and pressure.
- Energy transformation
- Density

Year 8 Spring Term and Summer Term

- Electricity (primarily revision)
 - Including apparatus, current and resistance.
- Magnetism (primarily revision)
 - Materials, fields and electromagnets
- The Earth and beyond (primarily revision)
 - Solar system
 - Scale of the universe
 - Day and night, seasons.
 - Satellites
- Preparation for CE exams

Year 7 Biology topics covered throughout the year

Life Processes and Living Things

• Cells and Cell Functions: Plant and animal cells

Specialised cells

How to use a microscope and prepare slides

• Humans as Organisms: Reproductive system

Development of a foetus

• Green Plants as Organisms: Nutrition and growth

Plant structure and function

Photosynthesis Respiration

Living Things in their

Environment: Classification

Adaptation and competition

Conservation Biodiversity Habitat study Food chains/webs

Year 8 Biology topics covered throughout the year

In most areas, Year 8 will be revising and consolidating topics covered in previous years

Cells: The nucleus, genes and DNA

• Humans as Organisms: Nutrition - diet, food testing, digestion, absorption, egestion

Breathing and Respiration – gaseous exchange, lung structure

and effects of smoking

Health - factors affecting health, bacteria and viruses

Green Plants as Organisms: Nutrition and Growth

Respiration

Variation, Classification and

Inheritance: Variation between species

Genes and inheritance Keys and classification

Year 8 Final CE EXAM

Each Science discipline is equally weighted and the exam takes the form of three forty-minute papers; one on Biology, one on Chemistry and one on Physics.

The focus in the Spring and early Summer Term will be on completing the syllabus and trying to improve our revision and exam techniques. Both Set 1 and Set 2 children take the same Common Entrance Science papers at the beginning of June.

Remove

Those pupils in Remove will cover similar topics but often in greater detail or with a slightly different emphasis. They are expected to think for themselves more and undertake more demanding exercises.

Michael Wheeler & Luke McLeod

French

Year 7

This year, pupils will study a variety of topics relating to everyday life and work towards the Common Entrance exam, which broadly follows the National Curriculum Key Stage 3 syllabus for Modern Foreign Languages.

Equal attention is paid to the four skills of speaking, listening, reading and writing, as they carry equal weight at Common Entrance. Correct spelling and grammatical accuracy are important and will be taught within the context of the topics listed below.

All pupils will be expected to be able to recognise and use the present, perfect and future tenses of several key verbs by the end of the academic year.

In the Summer Term, all pupils will sit a full mock CE examination paper with a slightly reduced oral exam. The reason for this is that all topics will not have been covered sufficiently by the end of Year 7 to allow a full oral test.

Year 7 topics covered throughout the year:

- Family and friends
 - Family members
 - Saying what you like to do with your family and friends
 - Description of personality
 - Physical description
- Holidays and free time activities
 - Holiday destinations and activities

- Describing a visit or a holiday in the past
- Arranging to go out
- Free time and clubs
- Daily routine and school routine
 - Telling the time using the 24-hour clock
 - Different parts of the day
 - Reflexive verbs
- Describing the town in which you live
 - Different methods of transport
 - What there is to do in town
 - At the Tourist Office
 - Understanding information about a town
- "À table!"
 - Saying what you have for breakfast and lunch
 - Shops and shopping for food
 - Ordering food and drinks

Kathy Knuckey

Year 8

The key aim by the end of the academic year is to bring both sets of Year 8 up to the Common Entrance requirements to match their chosen senior schools. Note that senior schools normally expect students to present the level 2 paper and this is the paper we will prepare them for.

Work will include:

- Work on past Common Entrance reading, writing and listening papers in order to make pupils totally
 familiar with what will be expected of them in the examinations in each section; to learn good
 examination techniques and increase confidence
- Revision of tenses, i.e. present, near future, perfect, including the introduction of common verbs in the imperfect and conditional tenses for Set 1, and introduction of new grammatical points to enhance writing as required
- Thorough preparation for the oral aspect of the exam which includes four overall topic areas (1) Personal description, friends and family, (2) Home life, (3) School life, (4) Leisure activities and holidays so that a short presentation for each topic can be given and questions answered. The oral also comprises a role play element, e.g. in a doctor's surgery, booking a hotel room, ordering a meal in a restaurant

Remove

Pupils in Year 7 Remove study the same topics as the rest of Year 7 but in greater depth. Much more emphasis is placed on extending grammatical knowledge, widening vocabulary and being able to use more complex language orally and in written work. They should have a very sound knowledge of present, perfect, imperfect and future tenses by the end of the year.

Pupils in Year 8 Remove practise the type of exercise set by their chosen senior school along with Common Academic Scholarship papers. Their grammatical knowledge extends to knowing the pluperfect tense, the conditional, future perfect and a little about the subjunctive. Their oral work is further developed to talking about current issues. The aim is to be able to tackle any type of paper they may sit with confidence and the knowledge that they have sufficient linguistic training to do well.

Andrzej Korzeniowski

General

Remove

Instead of dedicated RS lessons Remove children have a syllabus which encompasses aspects of a number of world religions, but with a greater emphasis on critical thinking, philosophy, ethics, evaluation of sources and contemporary issues. Pupils look in further detail at relating current events and ideologies against religious topics, and are encouraged to consider a range of philosophical constructs and propositions, helping them to form their own opinions on some of today's key issues, such as global stewardship and capitalism. Regard is also paid to individual scholarship requirements, so that learning can be tailored to further educational needs.

As well as areas which might commonly come under an RS umbrella, we also look at the development of languages, linguistics, cryptography, systems analysis, cultural movements and other areas which may be of interest – this is particularly relevant for the scholarship papers and interviews of *some* senior schools, but we believe it is intrinsically interesting and valuable.

John A. Waltho

Geography

"Pupils should not primarily be passive recipients of information, but should be given adequate opportunities to carry out practical investigations, to explore and express ideas in their own language..... and to reflect on other people's attitudes and values."

The aim of the Geography syllabus is to encourage pupils to look at the world and the processes that shape it, both physical and human. It is taught through a number of case studies that will be used to flesh out exam answers in CE and Scholarship papers. As far as possible we follow the principles of Enquiry-based Learning methods: we begin with a question and try to share our knowledge as we explore deeper.

The subject is important because it sows seeds for the future study of Geology, Sociology, Economics and Business Studies. Geography links with other subjects and gives pupils an outlook on the World and the local and national environment. We consider some of the major challenges that face our generation: population growth, urbanisation, globalisation, pollution, sustainable development, migration. We consider some of the factors that drive business, and discuss ethical and moral issues that arise from economic activity. In very many ways we form links with other subjects and make a contribution towards the wider principles of the Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural curriculum.

The requirements of Common Entrance should not interfere with a child's enjoyment of this subject, but we need to have them in our mind as we progress through each year.

These are the headings for the new ISEB 13+ CE Syllabus:

- Earthquakes and Volcanoes (tectonic processes)
- Weather and Climate (meteorological processes)
- Rivers and Coasts (geomorphological processes)
- Population and Settlement (demographic processes)
- Transport and Industry (economic processes)

OS Map Reading, a knowledge of Global Location and a presented piece of fieldwork are also part of the exam requirements.

Fuller details can be found on the ISEB website at: https://www.iseb.co.uk/Parents/Examination-syllabuses-specimen-papers

Year 7 Geography

Autumn Term

The History of Hall Grove, the stewardship of a sensitive environment, the siting of a settlement, the development of the London Road, the local drainage pattern.

The Devon Field Trip early in the Autumn term will touch on a number of these topics in a practical way:

- Contrasts in UK climate
- A South Devon dairy farm
- The settlement hierarchy
- Weathering and Erosion
- Coastal Erosion and Deposition

- River Erosion and Deposition
- Tourism in a National Park

Spring Term

Tectonic Processes: earthquakes, volcanoes and tsunamis - causes, effects and human responses in LEDC and MEDC countries.

Summer Term

Rivers and Coasts, hydrological features and processes, flooding.

Through the year we practise map reading, learn global location facts and try to keep abreast of some of the major geopolitical events. By the end of the year the pupils should all be able to manage a CE paper.

Year 8 Geography

In the course of this year, Year 8 pupils are guided towards the recognition that they have sufficient knowledge to do well at CE and Scholarship. What they often lack is the confidence to read a question and understand what it requires of the candidate. We do plenty of practice as the exams approach, but to maintain interest and the sense of moving forward a few topics are left for the final year:

- Power and energy sources, pollution
- Economic activities in developed and less developed countries, industrial location
- Population, Migration, Settlement
- Revision of all topics, Physical and Human

Through the year we practise map reading, revise the global location facts and try to keep abreast of some of the major world events.

Data collection for the fieldwork project (which forms part of the CE assessment) will be undertaken in the course of the Autumn term. I collect in the first draft immediately after Christmas. This year we shall consider the extent to which Location affects the value of Property. More details will follow.

Alastair Graham

History

We follow a 2-year Common Entrance syllabus (one of three possibilities) entitled 'The Making of the United Kingdom, 1500 - 1750'. The skills required for success in this exam are those which will hold the children in good stead for future challenges at GCSE and A level.

The periods of study are:

Year 7 - The Tudors

Year 8 - The Stuarts

Year 7 - main elements:

- Battle of Bosworth. How successful was Henry VII?
- Henry VIII: Renaissance and Reformation in Europe; break with Rome and dissolution of the monasteries; rebellions; Thomas Wolsey; Thomas Cromwell
- Edward VI and Protestantism; Lady Jane Grey
- Mary I and Catholicism
- Elizabeth I her inheritance ("a realm exhausted"); religion; marriage; England's place in Europe; Mary, Queen of Scots; Drake; Hawkins; the Armada; city and country life; sport and leisure

Year 8 - main elements:

- James I succession/personality; financial problems and solutions; religion and political struggle the Gunpowder Plot; the Pilgrim Fathers
- Charles I the causes of the English Civil War roles of Charles, Buckingham, Archbishop Laud and Parliament; 1640 - 42; Parliament v the King; main events of the Civil War (including the Battle of Naseby); execution

- Cromwell
- Charles II Battle of Worcester, escape, exile, the Restoration
- Popish Plot
- The Plague; The Great Fire
- James II Monmouth's rebellion; religion
- The Glorious Revolution

The children are encouraged to use any and every resource available to them - television and film, books and magazines, exhibitions and ICT.

Key Skills

- Further development of listening/reasoning/arguing and recording skills
- Learning of key dates
- Study and assessment of evidence
- Ability to write well-organised essays, combining fact and opinion, within a specified time-frame

The Common Entrance Examination

A one-hour paper, divided into two sections. The evidence question carries 20 marks and the essay 30. The syllabus can be found on the ISEB website.

Section A: Evidence

2016: John Churchill, Duke of Marlborough or Elizabeth I and Mary Stuart

2017: Mary I or Causes of the English Civil War (1629-1642)

Section B: Essay

There is no coursework assessment in the exam, nor is there any element of box-ticking/one word answers/guesswork. The paper is hand-written, under considerable pressure, and the children need to be able to:

- focus on the question set
- think analytically
- structure their work effectively
- use the facts they have learned to develop a well-reasoned argument to a reasonable conclusion
- write efficiently

Remove

Children in Remove follow a two year rolling syllabus which exposes them to a wide variety of topics. These include:

- The Henrician Reformation
- Tudor rebellions
- The Mid-Tudors
- Elizabeth I
- The Gunpowder Plot
- The English Civil War
- Oliver Cromwell
- The Glorious Revolution
- Major Prime Ministers
- American War of Independence / French Revolution
- The British Empire
- The Industrial Revolution
- The Slave Trade
- Nelson and Wellington
- Development of Parliament

These children are all entered for the Townsend-Warner History Prize, a national competition for young historians which takes place in January. The history department at all times aims to enthuse, encourage curiosity, healthy debate and an ability to think for themselves.

Tim Lewis

Latin

<u>Aims</u>

In the words of the Independent Schools Examination Board, this course seeks

- 1. to promote a firm understanding of the Latin language and
- 2. to foster an interest in the Greek and Roman cultures that have shaped the modern world.

People often ask: why study Latin? What relevance has it today?

It certainly helps with other languages, offering a grounding in the vocabulary of medicine, botany, geology, science and law. Our politics, philosophy and law, music, literature and art, even our notions of sport, leisure and fair play are directly shaped by the Romans' legacy. But these are secondary benefits.

The analytical power and verbal agility required for Latin not only help us to understand English and to learn the romance languages, they also provide a rigorous training for understanding any sort of language, from scientific and legal jargon to computer programming.

Latin trains the mind more than any subject: it combines the discipline of crossword-solving with the dynamism of music, the flair of sport with the mental zest of arithmetic. If you love travelling, you might love Latin; if you love computer games, you will probably enjoy Latin; if you like maths, music or cricket, Latin may be for you.

Assessment: Objectives and Practice

Again in the words of the Independent Schools Examination Board, pupils are expected to develop skills in:

- 1. translation from Latin to English (including translation for comprehension questions answered in English);
- 2. translation from English to Latin at an appropriate level;
- 3. manipulation of basic grammar;
- 4. non-linguistic studies, showing comprehension of topics from history and mythology.

Work is assessed by the teachers. In language tasks, it is always worth putting down what one does know rather than giving up; it is even more worthwhile to think about what one has been learning recently and try to put that knowledge to use. In non-linguistic tasks, factual knowledge is the foundation and extra marks are awarded for fluent and well-planned expression, appropriate and competent illustration.

Prep and Revision

Prep is set once a week at least 48 hours before the work is due. Prep most often consists of exercises from the text book reinforcing work studied in class and includes vocabulary and grammar to be learned, with occasional writing tasks (in English) to back up work on Greek Mythology and Roman culture.

All pupils will have a text book. Often it is worth looking back over recent pages to solve the task in hand. If there is new vocabulary or grammar, why not learn it alongside completing the written exercise? The text book includes a vocabulary list in the back, so there is no need to buy a Latin dictionary, nor to look on translation websites. I can promise you that the pupils are better equipped to do their exercises than Google Translate, which copes poorly with Latin endings and produces nonsensical results.

All learners have different styles, and we are always delighted to discuss how we can help our pupils. For absorbing vocabulary, some like flash cards, some post-it notes, some snap-style games, and some MP3 recordings.

Revision before exams is essential for success and must focus first on vocabulary, second on grammar and third on background work. Small amounts of material revisited regularly and frequently are remembered best. The most successful pupils take this task seriously and ensure that they keep revision going steadily at an unintrusive level throughout the term.

Year 7

Set 1

The syllabus of new work for Year 7 is defined according to CE levels.

Level 1

- 1. Sound knowledge of the official vocabulary list (Level 1) and English derivatives.
- 2. New grammar and syntax: verbs imperfect and perfect tenses active of regular verbs and of *sum*, present active infinitives and imperatives; adverbs; complements.
- 3. Sound knowledge of the non-linguistic syllabus, including new topics: Roman legends; Entertainment; Gladiators; Theatres; Baths; Amphitheatres; the Roman literature.

Level 2

- 1. Sound knowledge of the official vocabulary list (Levels 1 & 2) and English derivatives.
- 2. New grammar and syntax: verbs future simple and pluperfect tenses; adjectives of the third declension; demonstrative pronouns; concessive clauses.
- 3. Sound knowledge of the non-linguistic syllabus as above.

Set 1 will complete some of the work for Level 2. Set 2 will revise from the very basics, partly for newly arrived beginners but mostly to enjoy solidifying the essentials. By the end of the year, we shall have covered most of the material for Level 1 of CE.

Exams

All Year 7 exams follow the CE format (see above – 'Assessment'). Set 1 will do original CE papers (Autumn – at least Level 1, Summer – Level 2); Set 2 will have an adapted paper in the Autumn and CE Level 1 in the Summer. If a CE paper includes a small amount of material not yet taught, it will be supplemented with notes / a vocabulary list to make it a fair test.

Year 8

Year 8 is geared to the Common Entrance examinations which pupils will be taking. In CE Latin is tested at three levels of difficulty, all sharing a common format. Some pupils in Set 1 will sit Level 2, others Level 3, which is close to Scholarship. Pupils in Set 2 will mostly do Level 1, with a few rising to Level 2. The syllabus is as follows:

Level 1

- 1. Sound knowledge of the official vocabulary list (Level 1) and English derivatives.
- 2. New grammar and syntax: verbs further work on perfect tenses of regular verbs and of *sum*, present active infinitives and imperatives; adjectives of the 1st / 2nd declension and agreement; adverbs; complements.
- 3. Sound knowledge of the non-linguistic syllabus, including new topics: e.g. Baths; Amphitheatres; Food; Greek Myths.

Level 2

- 1. Sound knowledge of the official vocabulary list (Levels 1 and 2) and English derivatives.
- 2. New grammar and syntax: verbs the infinitive, compounds and irregulars (*possum*, *eo*); adjectives of the 3rd declension; comparison of adjectives; reflexive pronouns; concessive clauses.
- 3. Sound knowledge of the non-linguistic syllabus, including new topics: e.g. Baths; Amphitheatres; Food; Greek Myths.

Level 3

- 1. Sound knowledge of the official vocabulary list (Levels 1, 2 and 3) and English derivatives.
- 2. New grammar and syntax: verbs tenses of the passive, present & perfect participles, imperfect subjunctives, irregulars (*fero*, volo & nolo); nouns the 5th declension; cardinal numbers; adverbial phrases (time & place); clauses of purpose and indirect command using the subjunctive.
- 3. Non-linguistic topics as above.

Exams

Year 8 exams are CE papers (see above – 'Assessment'). Set 1 will do Level 2 in the Autumn and Spring (Mocks), Level 2 or Level 3 in the Summer; Set 2 will concentrate on Level 1 throughout. If a CE practice paper includes material not yet taught, it will be supplemented with notes/vocabulary lists.

There is relatively little new syllabus work to be introduced, allowing excellent opportunities for extensive practice, some of it beyond Level 1, and for revision (see above).

Remove

The syllabus of new work for Year 7 is defined according to CE levels. They will complete the work for Level 2 (see above).

Year 8 will cover CE topics as above, plus Scholarship material as follows:

- 1. Sound knowledge of the official vocabulary list (Levels 1, 2, 3 and Scholarship) and English derivatives.
- 2. New grammar and syntax: verbs infinitives, deponents, pluperfect subjunctives; nouns 4th declension; ablative absolute; indirect statement; temporal clauses.
- 3. Non-linguistic topics (not tested by most schools).

Year 7 Remove exams follow the CE format (Autumn – Level 1, Summer – Level 2), supplemented if need be with notes/vocabulary.

Year 8 Remove exams are usually Common Academic papers in the Autumn, with senior schools' own papers in the Spring. These papers often include some material not yet taught. Part of the scholarship challenge is dealing with the unknown. Most scholarship papers omit non-linguistic testing.

Ancient Greek

There is one lesson a week for pupils in Remove and Set 1 in Years 7 & 8 to study Ancient Greek. In some circumstances certain pupils in Set 2 will also study Ancient Greek. At the end of Year 8, pupils will take the appropriate CE or scholarship Greek exam.

William Sutton & Lucy Holmes

Religious Studies

One of the most important aims of the Common Entrance syllabus is to relate religious belief and practice to contemporary issues in the wider world, giving children a working understanding of why the world in which they live is as it is. Pupils are encouraged to use religious language and to make elementary evaluations, also considering a wide range of ethical and moral debates. The syllabus chosen at Hall Grove reflects the school's own spiritual ethos, whilst giving pupils an appreciation of many of the facets of our multi-cultural society.

The Common Entrance Examination is divided into three sections:

- Old Testament texts in relation to contemporary issues
- New Testament texts in relation to contemporary issues
- World Religions, and contemporary moral and ethical issues

The Old and New Testament sections follow a progression from description and explanation of religious stories and events to formulating a balanced argument relating religious issues to contemporary society. The topics are grouped under the categories:

- God, human nature and Covenant
- Old Testament leaders and prophets
- Jesus' life and teaching
- Jesus' life, death and resurrection

The World Religions section tests pupils on factual knowledge and understanding of some of the world's major religions. There is also scope in this section to consider religious viewpoints on a number of moral and ethical issues, for example the debate on euthanasia, stewardship of the planet, Human Rights and responsibilities, the debate between science and religion, prejudice and discrimination, and what constitutes a fair society.

Year 7 topics

- The beginning of the Gospel
- The temptations
- Jesus and the outcasts
- Jesus' disciples
- Jackie Pullinger
- Miracles of Jesus
- Miracle of Lourdes
- Creation stories
- The fall and
- The meaning of truth
- Dame Cicely Saunders
- Cain and Abel
- Peter's declaration (about Jesus)
- The transfiguration
- Near sacrifice of Isaac
- Martin Luther King

Year 8 topics

- Oscar Romero
- David and Bathsheba
- Nathan's parable
- Solomon's wisdom
- The Ten Commandments
- Sikhism
- The birth of Jesus
- Parable of the good Samaritan
- Parable of the sower
- Parable of the lost son
- The sentence, crucifixion and burial of Jesus

A copy of Today's New International Version of The Bible is recommended for homework and revision, or an online Bible such as www.biblegateway.com

It is strongly recommended that pupils have their own copy of Michael Wilcockson's "Religious Studies ISEB Revision Guide," second edition. The school has class copies but cannot provide copies for everyone to keep at home.

A copy of the Religious Studies syllabus A is available via the ISEB website: http://www.iseb.co.uk/getmedia/9f282d90-8949-42b9-aad6-d8801f76157b/Syllabus-CE-CASE-Religious-Studies-A.pdf.aspx?ext=.pdf

The main text used in study is Grenfell, S. (2011, second edition), "Religious Studies for Common Entrance", Hodder Murray.

There are also various revision websites available to help pupils, such as <u>rscommonentrance.com</u> and <u>www.ce-rs.com</u>

Jannine Frame

Music

Music aims to help pupils to experience and be involved in all aspects of music. A constituent part to music lessons is the practical involvement of all pupils, whether they learn an instrument or not – all can successfully compose and perform and will be encouraged to do so. Years 7 and 8 pupils are taught in one of two sets in each year group for Music and receive one lesson of class music each week; there are also numerous opportunities for further involvement with extra-curricular musical activities.

Lessons are intended to equip pupils with the necessary skills they require to get the most enjoyment and understanding out of music. Following on from last year's introduction to sequencing and recording using Logic Pro we will extend this to allow children to develop their creativity, using key aspects of Music Technology - editing audio files (using Audacity) and further music sequencing / recording / processing (using our suite of dedicated music computers, running Logic Pro), with the aim that all children will have a chance to be genuinely creative, unimpaired by any lack of performing ability.

All topics involve one or several of the following musical elements: performance, composition, listening and history. Topics covered this year include:

- Music Technology editing audio, sequencing
- The Musical: A Funny Thing Happened On The Way To The Forum
- Songwriting
- Stravinsky: The Rite of Spring
- Patterns and Systems Minimalism and Serialism

Year 8

The emphasis of the lessons is on practical music making, and pupils start to develop an understanding of different styles of music through listening, composing and performing. Differentiation occurs through groupings for composition and performance and by outcome. This year we will be continuing to explore key aspects of Music Technology - music sequencing, processing and live recording (using our suite of dedicated music computers, running *Logic Pro*), with the aim that all children will have a chance to be genuinely creative, unimpaired by any lack of performing ability.

All of the projects that Year 8 is involved in are centred on one or more areas of study – performance, composition, listening and history.

The titles of major projects with brief descriptions of what they entail are as follows:

Advertising Jingle

Pupils will conduct research into the world of advertising and establish what makes a successful jingle. They will then develop their own product and create a jingle around it. Compositions will be recorded and assessed by the pupils themselves.

Protest Songs

Pupils will research the role of the protest song in modern culture and attempt to establish how successful the genre is with regard to effecting actual change.

Rock 'n Roll and The Sixties

Pupils will look into the beginnings of 'Rock 'n Roll' and beyond into the flourishing of pop, rock, soul and other styles in the 1960s. They will explore ways in which to work within that style, and also to update songs of the time through remix / cover versions.

Film Music

Pupils will study the work of a number of soundtrack composers and will compose a score to accompany a piece of film drama.

John A. Waltho

Dance & Drama

Dance and Drama at Hall Grove offers pupils an exciting opportunity to be physically creative and expressive within fun and challenging lessons. Whether it be learning a new style of dance such as Jazz, Contemporary or Street, or addressing social or political issues in Drama, pupils will have the chance to explore and develop their own ideas through material designed to promote personal, social and cultural development.

Pupils will be encouraged to explore emotions and characterisation through improvisation and scripted scenes, and where possible lesson material will support English set texts and issues raised in PSHE.

All pupils in Years 7 and 8 will be encouraged to participate in poetry performances, debating competitions and other literary events. Prepared work may also be presented in assemblies, shows and after school performances. Our major productions have received rave reviews over the years (including: Oliver!, Tempest, Return to the Forbidden Planet, Macbeth, Scrooge, Grease and Bugsy Malone, to name but a few!) and Hall Grove enjoys a reputation for excellence within the Performing Arts. A number of pupils have also found success in Drama and Dance, wining senior school scholarships and All-Rounder awards.

Year 8 Performing Arts Options – This gives pupils the opportunity to collaborate with the teaching team, contributing towards the planning of the curriculum, suggesting ideas, units and themes they would like to study. Pupils will then have the opportunity to select units they would like to study. The programme may also include adhoc sessions and trips to further enhance what we hope will be a special final year. The options programme was received with enthusiasm by the children last year (when it was introduced) and we hope that by giving Year 8 more autonomy they will engage with even greater motivation and focus. This initiative has the potential to see the Year 8 cohort achieve new levels of success and enjoyment within the performing arts. It is led by Mr Slape (Drama), Mrs Leech (Dance) and Mr Waltho (Music).

Dan Slape

Art

At Hall Grove the Art Department believes in providing each child with the opportunity to develop a genuine, informed interest in Art and to express themselves freely through colour, form, texture, pattern and various media and processes. Children also explore ideas and meanings in the work of other artists, designers and crafts people and the diverse role of Art, Design and Craft in contemporary life and in different times and cultures.

Art can offer a relaxing atmosphere in a busy academic timetable, whilst also providing highly talented children with the opportunity to gain a scholarship to their chosen senior school. I strongly believe that Art is a subject that is attainable for all no matter what the level of ability; it is about learning a set of skills and then applying them in the right context. Above all Art should be enjoyable, a way of expressing who we are and how we feel and communicate with the world around us.

In Year 7 Art focuses on Sculpture with a huge emphasis on research, design drawing and sketchbook work first. Themes will include Pop Art and Surrealism with sculptures made in mod roc, wire and with found objects, and birds or mythical beasts.

In Year 8, Art is involved with the Business Design project which is launched in the first half term. The Art company 'Dali' are looking into printing on t shirts with a direct view to selling at the Farmers' Market. After the first half term, they then will be designing and making a relief clock, sculpting, and then a period of free choice of medium.

Catherine Foley

Year 7 Ceramics

Product Design and development in ceramics – 'The Abstract Teapot' will look at form and function in an everyday item. Pupils will discuss and consider the handmade, small batch production and mass production techniques. Most of the work will be achieved with the slab roller and modelling.

Year 8 Ceramics and Food Science

Ceramics is part of the Business and Enterprise rotation for the first half term - pupils will be guided into making for production to sell. After half term pupils will have the choice of working with food or clay as a group. The Ceramicists will concentrate on the wheel - throwing mugs and bowls on the electric wheel if mature enough.

Miranda Dowse

Design and Technology

Year 7

Design and Technology is taught to all children in Year 7, with the program of study including Graphics, Design and Make projects such as wooden bird boxes and acrylic desk tidies. Projects typically follow a design process where children start with a brief, before developing initial ideas to achieve a final concept design, product or model.

Year 8

Design and Technology is part of the Business and Enterprise project for the first half term, where pupils will be encouraged to make saleable gifts in sheet acrylic. Exciting design and make projects will follow, including colourful wall clocks, wooden book-ends and an electronic buggy project. Towards the end of the year we hope to offer pupils the opportunity to return to work with a material/medium of their choice. Lessons are two hours once a week.

Dan Slape

Food & Nutrition

Year 7

The pupils have two hours on timetable for Food & Nutrition once a week, alternating with DT, Art and Ceramics. Pupils learn how to use the kitchen and oven/hob in pairs or small groups based around focused practical tasks often with a 'ready steady cook' angle and healthy snack theme. Tasks include soups, smoothies, hot deli style sandwiches, pizza and salads. There is a 'design and make' project, in which they take ownership of the menu for a vegetarian or pescatarian friend, giving the class a chance to discuss different food groups, cultures and nutritional values. Each practical task involves new tools and equipment, tastings, and finishes with an evaluation after class or family tasting session. There is also a baking project involving designing, cooking and icing small cakes which is always lots of fun – but harder than it looks to achieve quality outcomes!

Year 8

Year 8 have an hour lesson per week alternating with DT and Art. The Business and Enterprise project is launched in the first half term and pupils will be encouraged to make fresh produce for the Farmers' Market. The emphasis of the rest of the year is to achieve a number of easy midweek suppers such as a stir-fry, a curry, a fruit crumble, several rice-based recipes and pizza cooking in the outdoor oven. There is a greater level of theory at this age, including safe handling of raw meat and fish and cooking with other high risk foods including the use of refrigeration. We have regular discussions and debates around current subjects such as sustainability in farming and fishing, wildlife and disease transference in the UK, social awareness surrounding obesity issues globally, carbon footprint, frugality and intelligent and seasonal shopping, and the legalities of food packaging.

The Leavers' Programme culminates with the excitement of Masterchef – where all compete initially and the judges scale down the chefs in three nail biting rounds.

Miranda Dowse

PSHE

> Personal, Social and Health Education with Citizenship

The PSHE and Citizenship programme promotes thoughtful and positive thinking about the individual, their role in society and health issues relevant to the age group. It helps to give children the skills, knowledge and understanding they need to lead confident, healthy and independent lives. PSHE tackles many of the **spiritual, moral, social and cultural** (SMSC) issues that are part of growing up. Citizenship involves preparing the child for life as a responsible citizen; that is, teaching 'skills for life'.

PSHE underpins all the teaching, learning and playing in the School, and works hand-in-hand with the pastoral care of the whole School. It allows children to discuss themes and role-play certain situations in the safe and caring environment of the classroom, enabling them to be more confident when facing similar situations in the future. At its heart lies group work which can facilitate open attitudes towards dialogue, discussion, and consideration of multiple perspectives. It shows a respect and interest for the **whole child** and not just their academic ability, physical or artistic skill. Its aim is to nurture responsible, well-informed and caring individuals.

Different themes will be explored in a specific lesson each week and in assemblies where appropriate. Aspects of PSHE will be covered in specific subjects where relevant - for example, 'Healthy Eating' in Science.

Topics for Years 7 and 8 include Friendship, Enterprise, Effective Communication and Role Models

PSHE is often described as the 'mortar' which binds the 'bricks' of the formal curriculum subjects (Maths, English, Science etc).

Physical Education

Physical Education contributes to the general education of a child through physical activity and offers opportunities for pupils to:

- become skilful and intelligent performers
- acquire and develop skill, performing with increasing physical competence and confidence, in a range of physical activities and contexts
- learn how to select and apply skills, tactics and compositional ideas to suit activities that need different approaches and ways of thinking
- develop their ideas in a creative way
- set targets for themselves and compete against others, individually and as team members
- understand what it takes to persevere, succeed and acknowledge others' success
- respond to a variety of challenges in a range of physical contexts and environments
- take the initiative, lead activity and focus on improving aspects of their own performance
- discover their own aptitudes and preferences for different activities
- make informed decisions about the importance of exercise in their lives
- develop positive attitudes to participation in physical activity
- develop their overall knowledge and understanding of the subject

The PE programme this year will work its way through the following subjects:

Autumn Term – Rugby (boys), Gymnastics and health related fitness, netball (girls). Spring Term – Hockey (boys), health-related fitness, gymnastics and tag rugby (girls). Summer Term – Tennis, athletics and swimming.

Games

The games programme runs independently of the PE. For the girls the sporting year will be in the following order: hockey and netball (Autumn), netball and lacrosse (Spring) and rounders and senior girls cricket (Summer) as the main sports with tennis, athletics and swimming built into the Summer term. The boys will play football (Autumn), rugby (Autumn and Spring), hockey (Spring) and cricket (Summer) as the main sports with tennis, athletics and swimming built into the Summer Term.

Throughout the year every child will get the opportunity to represent the school in all the major sports. The teams will be selected firstly from the appropriate year group but if numbers are low then players from the year below will be selected if permitted by the laws of the sport. The exception for this rule will be tournaments and cup matches where the strongest Hall Grove team available will be put out.

Please note that boys and girls are expected to be available for all weekend fixtures and we do not excuse players for birthday parties etc. Written permission for weekend absence from a school match must be obtained from the Director of Sport or the Headmaster at least a week prior. If ill on the day of a Saturday fixture please telephone the Sports Office (01276 470009) by 0900 at the very latest.

Ian Tullett